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**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

In re

**MOTORS LIQUIDATION COMPANY, *et al.*,
f/k/a General Motors Corp., *et al.***

Debtors.

Chapter 11 Case No.

09-50026 (REG)

(Jointly Administered)

**MOTORS LIQUIDATION COMPANY GUC TRUST
QUARTERLY GUC TRUST REPORTS AS OF MARCH 31, 2015**

The Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust (the “GUC Trust”), by its undersigned counsel, pursuant to the Amended and Restated Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust Agreement dated June 11, 2012 and between the parties thereto (as amended, the “GUC Trust Agreement”) and in accordance with Paragraph 31 of the order of this Court dated March 29, 2011 confirming the Debtors’ Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of liquidation dated March 18, 2011 of Motors Liquidation Company and its affiliated post-effective date debtors (the “Confirmation Order”), hereby files the following for the most recently ended fiscal quarter of the GUC Trust.

Financial statements required under Section 6.2(b) of the GUC Trust Agreement for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2015 are annexed hereto as Exhibit A (the “GUC Trust Reports”).

The GUC Trust has no officers, directors or employees. The GUC Trust and Wilmington Trust Company, solely in its capacity as trustee and trust administrator (the “GUC Trust Administrator”), rely solely on receiving accurate information, reports and other representations from GUC Trust professionals and other service providers to the GUC Trust. In submitting the GUC Trust Reports and executing any related documentation on behalf of the GUC Trust, the GUC Trust Administrator has relied upon the accuracy of such reports, information and representations.

Dated: New York, New York
May 22, 2015

GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP

By: /s/ Matthew J. Williams

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EXHIBIT A

Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust

Condensed Financial Statements

Year Ended March 31, 2015

Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust

Financial Statements

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Trust Administrator, Trust Monitor,
and Trust Beneficiaries
Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust

We have audited the accompanying statements of net assets in liquidation of the Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust as of March 31, 2015 and 2014 and the related statements of changes in net assets in liquidation and cash flows for the years ended March 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Trust Administrator of the Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net assets in liquidation of the Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust as of March 31, 2015 and 2014 and the related statements of changes in net assets in liquidation and cash flows for the years ended March 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Plante & Moran, PLLC

Auburn Hills, Michigan
May 22, 2015

Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust
STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS IN LIQUIDATION (LIQUIDATION BASIS)
March 31, 2015 and 2014
(Dollars in thousands)

	<u>March 31, 2015</u>	<u>March 31, 2014</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 37,483	\$ 14,932
Marketable Securities	30,944	44,382
Accrued Dividends on Holdings of New GM Common Stock	26,524	—
Holdings of New GM Securities (Note 6)	917,977	1,114,078
Other Assets and Deposits	<u>1,038</u>	<u>1,502</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	1,013,966	1,174,894
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	4,832	3,105
Liquidating Distributions Payable (Note 5)	7,714	42,111
Reserves for Residual Wind-Down Claims (Note 8)	25,406	28,698
Reserves for Expected Costs of Liquidation (Note 8)	<u>31,278</u>	<u>36,486</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	69,230	110,400
NET ASSETS IN LIQUIDATION (Note 4)	<u>\$ 944,736</u>	<u>\$ 1,064,494</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS IN LIQUIDATION (LIQUIDATION BASIS)
YEARS ENDED March 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013
(Dollars in thousands)

	Year Ended March 31, 2015	Year Ended March 31, 2014	Year Ended March 31, 2013
Net Assets in Liquidation, beginning of year	\$ 1,064,494	\$ 1,390,181	\$ 1,369,239
Increase (decrease) in net assets in liquidation:			
Net (additions to) reductions in reserves for Expected Costs of Liquidation	(9,375)	7,910	(17,488)
Liquidating distributions (Note 5)	(209,929)	(1,205,764)	(29,389)
Net change in fair value of holdings of New GM Securities	56,241	702,654	123,936
Dividends and interest income	43,305	4,668	145
Income tax benefit (provision) (Note 9)	—	164,845	(56,262)
Net (decrease) increase in net assets in liquidation	(119,758)	(325,687)	20,942
Net Assets in Liquidation, end of year	\$ 944,736	\$ 1,064,494	\$ 1,390,181

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (LIQUIDATION BASIS)
YEARS ENDED March 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013
(Dollars in thousands)

	Year Ended March 31, 2015	Year Ended March 31, 2014	Year Ended March 31, 2013
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities			
Cash receipts from interest and dividends	\$ 16,113	\$ 4,658	\$ 151
Cash paid for professional fees, governance costs and other administrative costs	(12,778)	(20,948)	(39,263)
Cash paid for Residual Wind-Down Claims	(2,618)	(1,678)	(1,387)
Cash receipts for refund due to others	379	—	—
Cash paid for distributions of dividends on New GM Common Stock	(3,361)	—	—
Cash paid for distributions in lieu of shares and warrants	(203)	(663)	(668)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(2,468)	(18,631)	(41,167)
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities			
Cash used to purchase marketable securities	(83,754)	(118,162)	(187,427)
Cash from maturities and sales of marketable securities	97,194	150,576	185,721
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	13,440	32,414	(1,706)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities			
Cash from sale of New GM Securities to fund Expected Costs of Liquidation	11,367	—	17,969
Cash from sale of New GM Securities for distribution in lieu of shares and warrants	212	139	1,233
Cash transferred to the Avoidance Action Trust	—	—	(13,715)
Net cash flows from financing activities	11,579	139	5,487
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	22,551	13,922	(37,386)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	14,932	1,010	38,396
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 37,483</u>	<u>\$ 14,932</u>	<u>\$ 1,010</u>

The GUC Trust has not presented a reconciliation from net income to cash flow from operations. As an entity in liquidation, the GUC Trust does not have continuing operations that result in the measurement of net income as that term is used by generally accepted accounting principles to measure results of operations.

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust
Notes to Financial Statements
March 31, 2015

1. Purpose of Trust

The Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust ("GUC Trust") is a successor to Motors Liquidation Company (formerly known as General Motors Corp.) ("MLC") within the meaning of Section 1145 of the United States Bankruptcy Code ("Bankruptcy Code"). The GUC Trust holds, administers and directs the distribution of certain assets pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Amended and Restated Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust Agreement (the "GUC Trust Agreement"), dated as of June 11, 2012 and as amended from time to time, and pursuant to the Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan (the "Plan"), dated March 18, 2011, of MLC and its debtor affiliates (collectively, along with MLC, the "Debtors"), for the benefit of holders of allowed general unsecured claims against the Debtors ("Allowed General Unsecured Claims").

The GUC Trust was formed on March 30, 2011, as a statutory trust under the Delaware Statutory Trust Act, for the purposes of implementing the Plan and distributing the GUC Trust's distributable assets. The Plan generally provides for the distribution of certain shares of common stock ("New GM Common Stock") of the new General Motors Company (together with its consolidated subsidiaries, "New GM") and certain warrants for the purchase of shares of such stock (the "New GM Warrants," and, together with the New GM Common Stock, the "New GM Securities") to holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims pro rata by the amount of such claims. In addition, the Plan provides that each holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim will obtain, in the form of GUC Trust Units (as defined below), a contingent right to receive, on a pro rata basis, additional shares of New GM Common Stock and New GM Warrants (if and to the extent such New GM Common Stock and New GM Warrants are not required for the satisfaction of previously Disputed General Unsecured Claims (as defined below), Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims (as defined below) or liquidation for the payment of the expenses of the GUC Trust) and cash, if any, remaining at the dissolution of the GUC Trust.

The GUC Trust is administered by Wilmington Trust Company, solely in its capacity as the trust administrator and trustee (the "GUC Trust Administrator"). Among other rights and duties, subject to the terms, conditions and limitations set forth in the GUC Trust Agreement, the GUC Trust Administrator has the power and authority to hold, manage, sell, invest and distribute the assets comprising the GUC Trust corpus, consult with and retain professionals for the administration of the GUC Trust, prosecute and resolve objections to Disputed General Unsecured Claims, take all necessary actions to administer the wind-down of the affairs of the Debtors upon their dissolution, and upon such dissolution, resolve and satisfy, to the extent allowed, the Residual Wind-Down Claims (as defined below). The activities of the GUC Trust Administrator are overseen by FTI Consulting, Inc., solely in its capacity as monitor (the "GUC Trust Monitor").

2. Plan of Liquidation

On March 31, 2011, the date the Plan became effective (the "Effective Date"), there were approximately \$29,771 million in Allowed General Unsecured Claims. In addition, as of the Effective Date, there were approximately \$8,154 million in disputed general unsecured claims ("Disputed General Unsecured Claims"), which reflects liquidated disputed claims and a Bankruptcy Court ordered distribution reserve for unliquidated disputed claims, but does not reflect potential Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims. The total aggregate amount of general unsecured claims, both allowed and disputed, asserted against the Debtors, inclusive of the potential Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims, was approximately \$39,425 million as of the Effective Date.

Pursuant to the GUC Trust Agreement, holders of Disputed General Unsecured Claims become entitled to receive a distribution of New GM Securities from the GUC Trust if, and to the extent that, such Disputed General Unsecured Claims become Allowed General Unsecured Claims. Under the GUC Trust Agreement, the GUC Trust Administrator has the authority to object to such Disputed General Unsecured Claims and such claims may be prosecuted through alternative dispute resolution proceedings, including mediation and arbitration ("ADR Proceedings"), if appropriate. As of March 31, 2015, there were approximately \$20 million in Disputed General Unsecured Claims, all of which were subject to pending objections of the GUC Trust. In addition, as of March 31, 2015, the GUC Trust held as reserves for Disputed General Unsecured Claims approximately \$50 million in claim amount that is not associated with any particular claim but which has been set aside by the GUC Trust Administrator as a general claim contingency. See Note 4 under the heading "—Allowed and Disputed Claims" below.

To the extent that all or a portion of a Disputed General Unsecured Claim is deemed invalid—or "disallowed"—by order of the Bankruptcy Court, by order of the tribunal presiding over the ADR Proceeding (if applicable), or by settlement with the GUC Trust, such portion of the Disputed General Unsecured Claim that is disallowed is not entitled to a distribution from the GUC Trust (subject to any appeal rights of the claimant). However, to the extent that a Disputed General Unsecured Claim is fully resolved, and such resolution results in all or a portion of the original Disputed General Unsecured Claim being deemed valid—or "allowed"—by order of the Bankruptcy Court, by order of the tribunal presiding over the ADR Proceeding (if applicable), or by settlement with the GUC Trust, such portion of the Disputed General Unsecured Claim that is allowed will be (subject to any appeal rights of the GUC Trust) considered an Allowed General Unsecured Claim on the Effective Date (such claims, "Resolved Disputed Claims").

Only one avoidance action, captioned Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors of Motors Liquidation Co. v. JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. et al., Adv. Pro. No. 09-00504 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. July 31, 2009) (the "Term Loan Avoidance Action"), was commenced prior to the statutory deadline for commencing such actions. The Term Loan Avoidance Action was commenced by the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors of Motors Liquidation Company (the "Committee"), and, among other things, seeks the return of approximately \$1.5 billion that had been transferred by the Debtors (with funds advanced after the commencement of the Debtors' chapter 11 cases by the United States Treasury and Export Development Canada (together, the "DIP Lenders")) to a consortium of prepetition lenders pursuant to the terms of the order of the Bankruptcy Court. On December 15, 2011, in accordance with the Plan, upon the dissolution of MLC, the Term Loan Avoidance Action was transferred to the Avoidance Action Trust (as defined below). To the extent that Wilmington Trust Company, not in its individual capacity but solely in its capacity as the trustee and trust administrator of the Avoidance Action Trust (the "Avoidance Action Trust Administrator"), is successful in obtaining a judgment against the defendant(s) to the Term Loan Avoidance Action, Allowed General Unsecured Claims will arise in the amount of any transfers actually avoided and disgorged pursuant thereto (such general unsecured claims "Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims," and together with Resolved Disputed Claims, the "Resolved Allowed Claims").

It is still unclear whether any amounts actually avoided pursuant to the Term Loan Avoidance Action would be for the benefit of holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims. The Committee has taken the position that (a) except for the reimbursement of certain costs and expenses of the Avoidance Action Trust, the DIP Lenders are not entitled to any proceeds of the Term Loan Avoidance Action and have no interests in the trust established for the action under the Plan (the "Avoidance Action Trust") and (b) except for the reimbursement of certain costs and expenses of the Avoidance Action Trust payable to the DIP Lenders, the holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims have the exclusive right to receive any and all proceeds of the Term Loan Avoidance Action, and are the exclusive beneficiaries of the Avoidance Action Trust with respect thereto.

As described in Item 3, "Legal Proceedings," litigation with respect to these issues is ongoing, and the rights to any recoveries on the Term Loan Avoidance Action are still disputed. Pursuant to the Plan, however, no funds reclaimed from the pre-petition lenders will be transferred to or otherwise benefit the GUC Trust or be distributed to holders of GUC Trust Units.

GUC Trust Distributable Assets

Pursuant to the terms of the Plan, the Bankruptcy Court authorized the distribution of 150 million shares of New GM Common Stock, warrants to acquire 136,363,635 newly issued shares of New GM Stock with an exercise price set at \$10.00 per share, expiring July 10, 2016 ("New GM Series A Warrants"), and warrants to acquire 136,363,635 newly issued shares of New GM Stock with an exercise price set at \$18.33 per share, expiring July 10, 2019 ("New GM Series B Warrants"). Record ownership of the New GM Securities was held by MLC for the benefit of the GUC Trust until the dissolution of MLC on December 15, 2011, at which time record ownership was transferred to the GUC Trust.

Through March 31, 2015, the GUC Trust has received dividends on the New GM Common Stock it has held aggregating \$20.6 million. New GM has also declared a dividend of \$0.36 per share to holders of New GM Common Stock of record as of June 10, 2015. Such dividends and any future declared dividends on New GM Common Stock are required to be applied to the same purpose as the New GM Common Stock to which such dividends relate. If shares of New GM Common Stock are distributed to holders of subsequently Resolved Allowed Claims and GUC Trust Units, then the dividends relating to those shares will also be distributed to such holders. If, however, shares of New GM Common Stock are sold by the GUC Trust in accordance with the GUC Trust Agreement to fund the costs and liabilities of the GUC Trust, then, in that case, the dividends relating to those shares will be applied to such costs and liabilities of the GUC Trust and (just like the cash proceeds from the sale of the shares of New GM Common Stock) will be maintained as Other Administrative Cash (as defined below). Because such dividends are applied to the same purposes as the associated New GM Common Stock, references in this Form 10-K to New GM Common Stock and New GM Securities that have been set aside from distribution, reserved or sold should be understood to include the dividends (if any) relating to such New GM Common Stock, unless expressly indicated otherwise. The amount of cash and cash equivalents held by the GUC Trust that relates to dividends received by the GUC Trust on New GM Common Stock held by the GUC Trust is referred to as Dividend Cash. Such Dividend Cash aggregated \$17.0 million at March 31, 2015.

Funding for GUC Trust Costs of Liquidation

The GUC Trust has incurred and will continue to incur certain costs to liquidate the trust assets and implement the Plan. On or about the Effective Date, pursuant to the Plan, MLC contributed approximately \$52.7 million to the GUC Trust to be held and maintained by the GUC Trust Administrator (the "Administrative Fund") for the purpose of paying certain fees and expenses (including certain tax obligations) incurred by the GUC Trust (including fees of the GUC Trust Administrator and the GUC Trust Monitor and the fees and expenses for professionals retained by the GUC Trust), other than the Reporting Costs, as defined below ("Wind-Down Costs"). As of March 31, 2015, the remaining Administrative Fund aggregated \$8.3 million (consisting of cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities). Such remaining amount has been separately designated for the satisfaction of certain costs and liabilities of the GUC Trust, and such amounts may not be used for the payment of other Wind-Down Costs. Cash or investments from the Administrative Fund, if any, which remain at the winding up and conclusion of the GUC Trust must be returned to the DIP Lenders.

The GUC Trust Agreement authorized the GUC Trust to liquidate approximately \$5.7 million of New GM Securities (the "Initial Reporting Cash") shortly after the Effective Date for the purposes of funding certain fees and expenses of the GUC Trust (the "Reporting Costs"), including those directly or indirectly relating to (i) reports to be prepared and filed by the GUC Trust pursuant to applicable rules, regulations and interpretations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, (ii) the transfer, registration for transfer and certification of GUC Trust Units, and (iii) the application by the Committee (as defined below) to the Internal Revenue Service for a private letter ruling regarding the tax treatment of the GUC Trust and the holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims in respect to the distribution of New GM Securities. The GUC Trust Agreement provides that the Administrative Fund may not be utilized to satisfy any Reporting Costs.

The GUC Trust Agreement provides that, if the GUC Trust Administrator determines that the Administrative Fund is not sufficient to satisfy the current or projected Wind-Down Costs or the Initial Reporting Cash is not sufficient to satisfy the current or projected Reporting Costs, the GUC Trust Administrator, with the approval of the GUC Trust Monitor, is authorized to set aside New GM Securities from distribution for these purposes. The GUC Trust Administrator may then liquidate such "set aside" New GM Securities to fund the Wind-Down Costs and/or Reporting Costs with the required approval of the Bankruptcy Court. New GM Securities that are set aside and/or sold in this manner will not be available for distribution to the beneficiaries of GUC Trust Units, and the cash proceeds of any such sale (including related Dividend Cash) will be classified as "Other Administrative Cash" under the GUC Trust Agreement. Although any such liquidation of set aside New GM Securities will be reflected in the financial statements of the GUC Trust at the time of liquidation, the setting aside of New GM Securities, including Dividend Cash, itself is not reflected in the Statement of Net Assets in Liquidation or any of the other financial statements of the GUC Trust. Separate from this process of setting aside New GM Securities to satisfy unfunded projected costs and expenses of the GUC Trust, as a matter of financial reporting, the GUC Trust records a reserve in its Statement of Net Assets in Liquidation (the source of funding of which is not addressed therein) for all expected costs of liquidation for which there is a reasonable basis for estimation. For this reason, among others, there is not a direct relationship between the amount of such reserve reflected in the Statement of Net Assets in Liquidation and the value of any New GM Securities that are set aside for current or projected costs and expenses of the GUC Trust. Adjustments to the Reserve for Expected Costs of Liquidation as reported in the Statement of Net Assets in Liquidation are recorded only when there is a reasonable basis for estimation of the expected incurrence of additional costs or a reduction in expected costs. For more information regarding the Reserves for Expected Costs of Liquidation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets in Liquidation, see Note 8.

The Bankruptcy Court previously approved in March and December 2012, and again in January 2015, the sale of New GM Securities to fund the then current and projected costs and expenses of the GUC Trust. The March 2012 Bankruptcy Court order also authorized the sale of further New GM Securities for the purpose of funding certain fees, costs and expenses of the Avoidance Action Trust (as described below under the heading "—Funding for Avoidance Action Trust"). Through March 31, 2015, sales of New GM Securities to fund projected Reporting Costs and Wind-Down Costs through calendar year 2015 aggregated approximately \$61.7 million, including Dividend Cash of \$0.2 million and the Initial Reporting Cash (which amounts comprised part of the GUC Trust's Other Administrative Cash). Such securities sold aggregated 1,043,801 shares of New GM Common Stock, 948,887 New GM Series A Warrants and 948,887 New GM Series B Warrants. There have been no subsequent sales of securities to fund Wind-Down Costs and Reporting Costs.

As of March 31, 2015, Other Administrative Cash aggregated \$14.5 million. To the extent that any of the Other Administrative Cash is not ultimately required and is held by the GUC Trust at the time of its dissolution, such remaining Other Administrative Cash will be distributed by the GUC Trust to holders of the GUC Trust Units.

As of March 31, 2015, New GM Securities with an aggregate fair market value as of that date of \$67.5 million and related Dividend Cash of \$1.3 million have been set aside for projected GUC Trust fees, costs and expenses to be incurred beyond 2015, including \$19.7 million set aside for projected income taxes on dividends received on holdings of New GM Common Stock as described below in "Funding for Potential Tax Liabilities on Dispositions of New GM Securities and Dividends on New GM Common Stock". Accordingly, such New GM Securities are currently not available for distribution to the beneficiaries of the GUC Trust Units.

Funding for Potential Tax Liabilities on Dispositions of New GM Securities and Dividends on New GM Common Stock

The GUC Trust is subject to U.S. federal income tax on realized net gains from the distribution and sale of shares of New GM Common Stock and New GM Warrants (such taxes, "Taxes on Distribution"). The GUC Trust is also subject to U.S. federal income tax on dividends received on New GM Common Stock held by the GUC Trust (such taxes, "Dividend Taxes"). The GUC Trust Agreement provides that the Administrative Fund may not be utilized to satisfy any Taxes on Distribution or Dividend Taxes. As such, the GUC Trust Administrator is authorized, with the approval of the GUC Trust Monitor, to set aside from distribution New GM Securities, the liquidated proceeds of which, along with the related Dividend Cash, would be sufficient to satisfy any potential Taxes

on Distribution or Dividend Taxes. The New GM Securities that are set aside for Dividend Taxes are included in the set-aside for Wind-Down Costs described above in "Funding for GUC Trust Costs of Liquidation". The GUC Trust Administrator may then liquidate such "set aside" New GM Securities to fund the Taxes on Distribution or Dividend Taxes with the approval of the GUC Trust Monitor, and, with respect Dividend Taxes only, with the approval of the Bankruptcy Court. New GM Securities that are set aside and subsequently sold in this manner will not be available for distribution to the beneficiaries of GUC Trust Units, and the cash proceeds of any such sale, along with the related Dividend Cash, will be classified as "Other Administrative Cash" under the GUC Trust Agreement. New GM Securities that have been so set aside are included in Holdings of New GM Securities in the accompanying Statements of Net Assets in Liquidation. In the event such set-aside New GM Securities were sold to fund Taxes on Distribution or Dividend Taxes, the proceeds of such sale would be reflected in Cash and Cash Equivalents and/or Marketable Securities until expended to pay Taxes on Distribution or Dividend Taxes. While the set-aside New GM Securities and the related Dividend Cash are not available for distribution, there is no corresponding liability or reserve related to such set-aside assets reflected in the Statements of Net Assets in Liquidation or any of the other financial statements of the GUC Trust.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2015, the GUC Trust Administrator reviewed the current and potential Taxes on Distribution. As a result of such review, the GUC Trust Administrator determined that New GM Securities with an aggregate fair market value (as of March 31, 2015) of \$297.2 million and related Dividend Cash of \$5.5 million should be set aside for potential Taxes on Distribution based on (1) the GUC Trust's method for calculating potential gains on distributions or sales of New GM Securities (reduced by certain net operating losses and estimated future deductible expenses at March 31, 2015) and (2) the GUC Trust's method for converting the potential tax liability to the number of securities to be set aside. Such New GM Securities are not currently available for distribution to the beneficiaries of GUC Trust Units. The GUC Trust Administrator intends to continue to reevaluate the numbers of New GM Securities set aside on a quarterly basis.

As previously disclosed, during the quarter ended September 30, 2013, the GUC Trust made a determination to file its U.S. federal income tax returns taking the position that beneficial ownership for a substantial majority of New GM Securities was transferred from MLC to the GUC Trust on March 31, 2011, and that the tax basis of such New GM Securities should be determined with reference to the value of such securities on such date, instead of December 15, 2011, when record ownership of the remaining New GM Securities still held by MLC was transferred from MLC to the GUC Trust. For the remaining substantial minority of New GM Securities transferred from MLC to the GUC Trust, the GUC Trust determined that the transfer of beneficial ownership occurred on other dates for which the tax basis should be determined by reference to the value of such securities on such dates. This new tax position resulted in an increased tax basis of the New GM Securities from the prior tax position and, therefore, reduced taxable gains and increased taxable losses on distributions and sales of New GM Securities since March 31, 2011. The new tax position has not been sustained on examination by the Internal Revenue Service as of the date hereof. However, the GUC Trust believes, based on the available evidence and consultation with GUC Trust professionals, that it is more likely than not that the new tax position will be sustained on examination by the Internal Revenue Service based on the technical merits of the position. Accordingly, this new tax position has been recognized in the current and deferred income tax liabilities and the income tax provision in the GUC Trust's financial statements since the quarter ended September 30, 2013.

Following the GUC Trust's determination to utilize the new tax position set forth above, the GUC Trust filed its U.S. federal income tax returns for the years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 with the Internal Revenue Service using such new tax position. Such tax returns were accompanied by requests for prompt determination of tax liability pursuant to Section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and the statutory notification periods set forth in Section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to the GUC Trust's U.S. federal income tax return for the year ended March 31, 2014 and prior years have expired. Accordingly, the tax liabilities set forth in the GUC Trust's U.S. federal income tax returns for the years ended March 31, 2014 and prior years are no longer subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service. However, remaining capital loss carryovers that were generated in those years combined with capital losses generated in the year ended March 31, 2015, from the new tax position, which aggregate \$187.1 million, along with net operating loss carryovers generated through March 31, 2015 aggregating \$86.2 million, could be subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service in subsequent years when those losses are utilized.

In contrast to the GUC Trust's financial statements, as a conservative measure, the calculation of the "set aside" of New GM Securities for potential Taxes on Distribution utilizes the prior tax position rather than the new tax position to the extent that the GUC Trust's liability for Taxes on Distribution has not been finally determined in accordance with Section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code or the new tax position has not been sustained on examination by the Internal Revenue Service. Accordingly, the potential tax liability for the GUC Trust's U.S. federal income tax returns for the year ending March 31, 2015 and subsequent years is calculated, for purposes of the "set aside" of New GM Securities for potential Taxes on Distribution, using the prior tax position rather than the new tax position. In addition, the "set aside" calculation does not recognize any reductions related to remaining net operating loss carryovers or capital loss carryovers for losses on distributions or sales of New GM Securities that are attributable to the March 31, 2015 tax year or prior tax years, until such carryovers are utilized and such utilization is finally determined in accordance with Section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code or the new tax position has been sustained on examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

With respect to Dividend Taxes, prior to the quarter ended March 31, 2015, the set aside for Dividend Taxes was based on (a) dividends received by the GUC Trust on its holdings of New GM Common Stock and (b) dividends that were declared but not yet paid by New GM and expected to be received by the GUC Trust on its holdings of New GM Common Stock. No additional set aside of New GM Securities was made for any potential dividends to be declared by New GM in the future. Beginning in the quarter ended March 31, 2015, the GUC Trust Administrator, in consultation with Trust Professionals, determined that it was necessary to increase the set aside for Wind-Down Costs in an amount sufficient, in the reasonable estimation of the GUC Trust Administrator, to cover estimated Dividend Taxes associated with anticipated potential future dividends estimated to be declared by New GM in the future and to be received by the GUC Trust on its holdings of New GM Common Stock through December 2016. For additional information, see "Net Assets in Liquidation—New GM Securities Set Aside from Distribution" in Item 7 ("Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations") above.

Residual Wind-Down Claims and Costs

Upon the dissolution of the Debtors, which occurred on December 15, 2011, the GUC Trust became responsible for resolving and satisfying (to the extent allowed) all remaining disputed administrative expenses, priority tax claims, priority non-tax claims and secured claims (the "Residual Wind-Down Claims"). On December 15, 2011, under the Plan, the Debtors transferred to the GUC Trust an amount of assets necessary (the "Residual Wind-Down Assets") to satisfy the ultimate allowed amount of such Residual Wind-Down Claims (including certain reasonable litigation defense costs related to the Term Loan Avoidance Action (the "Avoidance Action Defense Costs")), as estimated by the Debtors, and the costs, fees and expenses relating to satisfying and resolving the Residual Wind-Down Claims (the "Residual Wind-Down Costs"). The Residual Wind-Down Assets initially aggregated approximately \$42.8 million (which amount consisted of approximately \$40.0 million in cash, including approximately \$1.4 million designated for the payment of Avoidance Action Defense Costs, and the transferred benefit of approximately \$2.8 million in prepaid expenses). Should the Residual Wind-Down Costs and the Residual Wind-Down Claims be less than the Residual Wind-Down Assets, any excess funds will be returned to the DIP Lenders. If, at any time, the GUC Trust Administrator determines that the Residual Wind-Down Assets are not adequate to satisfy the Residual Wind-Down Claims (including the actual amount of Avoidance Action Defense Costs) and Residual Wind-Down Costs, such costs will be satisfied by Other Administrative Cash. If there is no remaining Other Administrative Cash, the GUC Trust Administrator is authorized to, with GUC Trust Monitor approval, set aside and, with Bankruptcy Court approval, sell New GM Securities to cover the shortfall. To the extent that New GM Securities are set aside and sold to obtain funding to complete the wind-down of the Debtors, such securities will not be available for distribution to the beneficiaries of the GUC Trust. Therefore, the amount of Residual Wind-Down Claims and Residual Wind-Down Costs could reduce the assets of the GUC Trust available for distribution. Although any such sale of set-aside New GM Securities would be reflected in the financial statements of the GUC Trust in the period of sale, the setting aside of New GM Securities and related Dividend Cash itself would not be reflected in the Statement of Net Assets in Liquidation or any of the other financial statements of the GUC Trust. After the GUC Trust has concluded its affairs, any funds remaining that were obtained from the sale of New GM Securities to fund the wind-down process or the resolution and satisfaction of the Residual Wind-Down Claims will be distributed to the holders of the GUC Trust Units.

The amount of Avoidance Action Defense Costs incurred to date exceeds the corresponding cash of \$1.4 million received by the GUC Trust from MLC on the Dissolution Date by approximately \$4.0 million. As a result, new Residual Wind-Down Claims have arisen in the amount of such excess. It is expected that additional Avoidance Action Defense Costs will be incurred for which additional Residual Wind-Down Claims will arise to be paid from the other remaining Residual Wind-Down Assets and, following the depletion of such assets, the Administrative Fund (to the extent of any excess amounts remaining in the Administrative Fund from the funds separately designated for the satisfaction of certain costs and liabilities of the GUC Trust), Other Administrative Cash or the sale of New GM Securities. As of March 31, 2015, \$28.3 million in Residual Wind-Down Assets were held by the GUC Trust, which are recorded in cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities (aggregating approximately \$28.2 million) and other assets and deposits (approximately \$0.1 million) in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets in Liquidation. By comparison, there were approximately \$0.5 million in Residual Wind-Down Claims against such assets as of March 31, 2015, subject to increase for new Residual Wind-Down Claims that are expected to arise for Avoidance Action Defense Costs.

In addition to the Residual Wind-Down Assets, the GUC Trust also received on the Dissolution Date approximately \$3.4 million in cash from MLC for the purposes of funding (1) \$1.4 million in respect of certain costs, fees and expenses payable under the Plan to the indenture trustees and fiscal and paying agents for the previously outstanding debt of MLC (the "Indenture Trustee / Fiscal and Paying Agent Costs") and (2) \$2.0 million in respect of Reporting Costs. The funds received were credited to the reserve for expected costs of liquidation. Any unused portion of the funds designated for the Indenture Trustee / Fiscal and Paying Agent Costs must be returned to the DIP Lenders and will not be available for distribution to the holders of GUC Trust Units at the winding up and conclusion of the GUC Trust. As of March 31, 2015, funds designated for the Indenture Trustee / Fiscal and Paying Agents Costs held by the GUC Trust approximated \$0.4 million and are recorded in cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets in Liquidation.

3. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

Liquidation Basis of Accounting

The GUC Trust exists solely for the purposes described above in Note 1 and has a finite life. Accordingly, the GUC Trust has prepared the accompanying financial statements on the liquidation basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). Under the liquidation basis of accounting as prescribed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification, assets are stated at their estimated net realizable value, which is the non-discounted amount of cash into which an asset is expected to be converted during the liquidation period, while liabilities continue to be recognized at the amount required by other U.S. GAAP, and are not remeasured to reflect any anticipation that an entity will be legally released from an obligation. Additionally, under the liquidation basis of accounting, a reserve is established for estimated costs expected to be incurred during the liquidation period. Such costs are accrued when there is a reasonable basis for estimation. As described below under the heading “—New Accounting Standard,” beginning in the quarter ended June 30, 2014, an accrual is made for estimated income or cash expected to be received over the liquidation period to the extent that a reasonable basis for estimation exists. These estimates are periodically reviewed and adjusted as appropriate. Reserves for expected liquidation costs and the accrual for dividends expected to be received on the GUC Trust’s holdings of New GM Common Stock represent estimates, based on present facts and circumstances known to the GUC Trust Administrator, and are subject to change. It is reasonably possible that estimates for accrued dividends and expected costs of liquidation could change in the near term.

The beneficiaries of the GUC Trust are future and, to the extent their liquidating distributions have not yet been paid to them, current holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims and future and current holders of GUC Trust Units (“Trust Beneficiaries”). As Disputed General Unsecured Claims are resolved and allowed and thereby become Allowed General Unsecured Claims, the holders thereof become entitled to receive liquidating distributions of New GM Securities (and the related Dividend Cash) and GUC Trust Units pro rata by the amount of such Claims and, upon such occurrence, the GUC Trust incurs an obligation to distribute such securities. Accordingly, liquidating distributions payable are recorded (at the fair value of such New GM Securities and the related Dividend Cash) as of the end of the period in which the Disputed General Unsecured Claims are resolved as Allowed General Unsecured Claims. Similarly, to the extent potential Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims (as defined below) were to arise (and would become allowed) in the manner described in Note 2, liquidating distributions payable would be recorded for the New GM Securities and the related Dividend Cash (at fair value) that would become distributable to holders of Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims upon such occurrence. Prior to the resolution and allowance of Disputed General Unsecured Claims (or potential Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims), liabilities are not recorded for the conditional obligations associated with Disputed General Unsecured Claims. Rather, the beneficial interests of Trust Beneficiaries in the residual assets of the GUC Trust are reflected in Net Assets in Liquidation of the GUC Trust in the accompanying financial statements.

Under the liquidation basis of accounting, the GUC Trust presents two principal financial statements: a Statement of Net Assets in Liquidation and a Statement of Changes in Net Assets in Liquidation. In addition, although not required under the liquidation basis of accounting, the GUC Trust also presents a Statement of Cash Flows, in accordance with the requirements of the GUC Trust Agreement.

Fiscal Year

The GUC Trust’s fiscal year begins on April 1 and ends on the following March 31.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of amounts held in bank accounts or money market funds.

Marketable Securities

Marketable securities consist of short-term investments in corporate commercial paper and municipal government commercial paper and variable demand notes. The GUC Trust has valued these securities at fair value based on carrying value for municipal and corporate commercial paper where carrying value approximates fair value and par value for variable demand notes where par value equals fair value.

Holdings of New GM Securities and Accrued Dividends on New GM Common Stock

Holdings of New GM Securities represent the GUC Trust’s holdings of New GM Securities held for future distribution in respect of Allowed General Unsecured Claims and the GUC Trust Units, and include amounts set aside from distribution to fund estimated and projected Wind-Down and Reporting Costs (including projected Dividend Taxes) and potential Taxes on Distribution as described in Note 2. The securities held consist of shares of New GM Common Stock and New GM Warrants as further described in Notes 1 and 6. The GUC Trust has valued its holdings in the securities at their fair value based on quoted market prices as of the last trading day of the fiscal year.

Beginning in the quarter ended June 30, 2014, estimated dividends expected to be received on holdings of New GM Common Stock are accrued under the liquidation basis of accounting to the extent that a reasonable basis for estimation exists. As of March 31, 2015, dividends of approximately \$26.5 million have been accrued relating to (a) dividends of \$0.36 per share declared by New GM in April 2015 payable to common stockholders of record as of June 10, 2015 aggregating \$4.1 million, and (b) estimated dividends aggregating \$22.4 million expected to be declared by New GM in the future, based on New GM's recent dividend history and other factors, and received by the GUC Trust over its estimated remaining liquidation period. Such accrued dividends have been estimated using the current dividend rate of \$0.36 per share and the GUC Trust's estimated holdings of New GM Common Stock over the remaining liquidation period. It is reasonably possible that the GUC Trust's estimates regarding future dividends could change in the near term. Prior to the quarter ended June 30, 2014, dividends were recorded as received (or accrued as of the record date for any declared but unpaid dividend).

Dividends received on New GM Common Stock are required to be applied to the same purpose as the New GM Common Stock to which such dividends relate. If shares of New GM Common Stock are distributed to holders of subsequently Resolved Allowed Claims and GUC Trust Units, then the dividends relating to those shares will also be distributed to such holders. If, however, shares of New GM Common Stock are sold by the GUC Trust in accordance with the GUC Trust Agreement to fund the costs and liabilities of the GUC Trust, then, in that case, the dividends relating to those shares will be applied to such costs and liabilities of the GUC Trust and (just like the cash proceeds from the sale of the shares of New GM Common Stock) will be maintained in Other Administrative Cash. Because such dividends are applied to the same purpose as the New GM Common Stock, references to New GM Common Stock and New GM Securities that have been set aside from distribution, reserved or sold should be understood to include the dividends (if any) relating to such New GM Common Stock, unless expressly indicated otherwise. The amount of cash and cash equivalents held by the GUC Trust that relates to dividends received by the GUC Trust on New GM Common Stock held by the GUC Trust is referred to as Dividend Cash.

Other Assets and Deposits

Other assets and deposits consist principally of accrued investment income (as of March 31, 2015), prepaid expenses and retainers for professionals.

Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities

Accounts payable and other liabilities represent amounts due to professionals, other service providers, and vendors for services rendered or goods received through the end of the period.

Reserves for Residual Wind-Down Claims and Residual Wind-Down Costs

Upon the dissolution of MLC, which occurred on December 15, 2011, the GUC Trust became responsible for resolving and satisfying (to the extent allowed) all remaining Residual Wind-Down Claims. On the date of dissolution of the Debtors, the Debtors transferred to the GUC Trust Residual Wind-Down Assets in an amount necessary to satisfy the ultimate allowed amount of such Residual Wind-Down Claims (including certain Avoidance Action Defense Costs) and the Residual Wind-Down Costs, as estimated by the Debtors. Should the Residual Wind-Down Claims and the Residual Wind-Down Costs be less than the Residual Wind-Down Assets, any excess funds will be returned to the DIP Lenders. If, collectively, the actual amounts of Residual Wind-Down Claims (including certain Avoidance Action Defense Costs) allowed and the Residual Wind-Down Costs exceed the Residual Wind-Down Assets, the GUC Trust Administrator may be required to set aside from distribution and sell additional New GM Securities to fund the shortfall. Any such sale of securities would reduce the numbers of New GM Securities (and related Dividend Cash) available for distribution to holders of GUC Trust Units.

Reserves for Expected Costs of Liquidation

Under the liquidation basis of accounting, the GUC Trust is required to estimate and accrue the costs associated with implementing the Plan and distributing the GUC Trust's distributable assets. These costs, described as Wind-Down Costs and Reporting Costs in Note 2, consist principally of professional fees, costs of governance, and other administrative expenses. These amounts may vary significantly due to, among other things, the time and effort required to complete all distributions under the Plan. The GUC Trust has recorded reserves for expected costs of liquidation that represent estimated costs to be incurred over the remaining liquidation period of the GUC Trust for which there is a reasonable basis for estimation. The amount of liquidation costs that will ultimately be incurred depends both on the period of time and on the extent of activities required for the GUC Trust to complete its functions and responsibilities under the Plan and the GUC Trust Agreement. Significant uncertainty remains both as to that time period and as to the

extent of those activities. As of March 31, 2015, such remaining liquidation period extends through February 2017 and has been estimated predominantly on a probability-weighted basis, which the GUC Trust believes is the most appropriate measurement basis under the circumstances. Where an outcome is estimated to be likely, the likely outcome has been used as the best estimate and no weight has been given to the unlikely outcome. The remaining liquidation period is dependent predominantly on the estimate of the remaining period of time for resolution of the Term Loan Avoidance Action, as well as certain additional estimated time as necessary to wind down the GUC Trust. It is possible that future developments in the Term Loan Avoidance Action could extend the current estimate of such remaining period of time for resolution and, therefore, extend the estimated remaining liquidation period of the GUC Trust beyond February 2017. As described in Item 3, "Legal Proceedings," the GUC Trust is participating, as an interested party, in litigation involving certain General Motors vehicle recalls. While the impact of such litigation on the remaining liquidation period of the GUC Trust is not subject to reasonable estimation at this time, it is possible that such litigation could extend the remaining liquidation period of the GUC Trust beyond February 2017. It is reasonably possible that the GUC Trust's estimates regarding the expected costs of liquidation and remaining liquidation period will change in the near term.

As the GUC Trust incurs such costs, the reserves are released to offset the costs incurred and a liability to the service provider is recognized as an accounts payable or accrued expense until paid. In addition, because the GUC Trust only records reserves for expected costs for which there is a reasonable basis for estimation under applicable U.S. GAAP, additional costs may be identified from time to time for which additional reserves must be recorded. As such costs are identified, the GUC Trust records an increase to its reserves and charges such increase as an addition to such reserves in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets in Liquidation.

The process of recording reserves for expected costs of liquidation as a matter of financial reporting is separate and distinct from the process by which New GM Securities are set aside from distribution for the purposes of funding projected costs of liquidation. Such projected costs are generally estimated on a more conservative (i.e., more inclusive) basis and include contingencies that are not permitted to be accrued in reserves for expected costs of liquidation under applicable U.S. GAAP. For a more complete description of the process of setting aside New GM Securities to fund projected costs and potential liabilities of the GUC Trust, see Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Net Assets in Liquidation" under the heading "—New GM Securities Set Aside from Distribution" above.

Income Taxes

The GUC Trust is considered to be a "Disputed Ownership Fund" pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.468B-9. Because all of the assets that have been transferred to the GUC Trust are passive investments, the GUC Trust will be taxed as a Qualified Settlement Fund (or QSF) pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.468B-9(c)(1)(ii). The QSF tax status of the GUC Trust has been approved by the Internal Revenue Service in a private letter ruling issued on March 2, 2011. In general, a QSF is considered to be a C Corporation but pays Federal income tax using trust income tax rates on its modified gross income. Modified gross income includes gross income pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 61 less administrative expenses, certain losses from the sale, exchange or worthlessness of property, and net operating losses. In general, a Disputed Ownership Fund taxed as a QSF does not recognize gross income on assets transferred to it; therefore, the GUC Trust has not recognized gross income on the transfer of assets from MLC.

The GUC Trust generates gross income in the form of interest and dividend income (including dividends received on its holdings of New GM Common Stock) and recognizes gains and/or losses upon its disposition of shares of New GM Common Stock and New GM Warrants, which are reduced by administrative expenses and accumulated net operating and capital losses, to compute modified gross income. As the GUC Trust is taxable for Federal income tax purposes, a current income tax liability or asset, if any, is recognized for estimated taxes payable or receivable for the year. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognized for the estimated future tax effects of temporary differences between financial reporting and tax accounting. Deferred tax assets are reviewed for recoverability and valuation allowances are provided as necessary.

The GUC Trust is not subject to state income taxes under current law. Accordingly, no current or deferred state income tax liabilities and assets are recorded.

The GUC Trust recognizes the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authority, based on the technical merits of the position, review of available evidence and consultation with GUC Trust professionals. The GUC Trust's tax liability with respect to its federal income tax returns for the year ended March 31, 2014 and all prior years are no longer subject to examination as a result of the application of Section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. However, remaining capital loss carryovers that were generated in those years from the new tax position, combined with capital losses generated in the year ended March 31, 2015, which aggregate \$187.1 million, along with net operating loss carryovers generated through March 31, 2015 aggregating \$86.2 million, could be subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service in subsequent years when those losses are utilized. As of March 31, 2015, there are no known items which would result in a significant accrual for uncertain tax positions.

The process of recognizing deferred tax assets and liabilities and any current income taxes payable as a matter of financial reporting is separate and distinct from the process by which New GM Securities are set aside from distribution for the purposes of funding potential income tax liabilities. Such potential income tax liabilities are generally estimated on a more conservative (i.e., more inclusive) basis and include amounts of potential income tax liabilities beyond the amounts that are permitted to be recorded under applicable accounting standards. For a more complete description of the process of setting aside New GM Securities to fund projected costs and potential income tax liabilities of the GUC Trust, see Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Net Assets in Liquidation" under the heading "—New GM Securities Set Aside from Distribution" above.

Funding of the Avoidance Action Trust

Based on an analysis of the Avoidance Action Trust and its potential funding sources, the GUC Trust Administrator, in conjunction with the Avoidance Action Trust Administrator, determined that it would be in the best interest of the holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims to fund certain fees, costs and expenses of the Avoidance Action Trust, subject to approval of the Bankruptcy Court. As described in Note 2, "Plan of Liquidation" to the financial statements, in March 2012, the Bankruptcy Court approved the sale of New GM Securities aggregating approximately \$13.7 million and the transfer of the resulting proceeds to the Avoidance Action Trust for such funding. The sale occurred in March 2012 and the proceeds were transferred from the GUC Trust to the Avoidance Action Trust on May 14, 2012.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements on the liquidation basis in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. These estimates are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could materially impact the amounts reported and disclosed in the financial statements and related footnotes. Significant estimates include the anticipated amounts and timing of future cash flows for expected dividends to be received on holdings of New GM Common Stock and expected liquidation costs. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Standard

During the quarter ended June 30, 2014, the GUC Trust adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-07, "Liquidation Basis of Accounting." The effect of adoption of such standard was not material to the GUC Trust's financial statements during that quarter. Such standard requires that income or cash expected to be received over the liquidation period be estimated and accrued to the extent that a reasonable basis for estimation exists. As of March 31, 2015, the GUC Trust has accrued dividends of approximately \$26.5 million relating to (a) dividends of \$0.36 per share declared by New GM in April 2015 payable to common stockholders of record as of June 10, 2015 aggregating \$4.1 million, and (b) estimated dividends aggregating \$22.4 million expected to be declared by New GM in the future, based on New GM's recent dividend history and other factors, and received by the GUC Trust over its estimated remaining liquidation period. Such accrued dividends have been estimated using the current dividend rate of \$0.36 per share and the GUC Trust's estimated holdings of New GM Common Stock over the remaining liquidation period. In addition, as of March 31, 2015, the GUC Trust has accrued approximately \$0.7 million of investment income expected to be earned on cash equivalents and marketable securities over the estimated remaining liquidation period of the GUC Trust.

4. Net Assets in Liquidation

Description

Under the GUC Trust Agreement and the Plan, as described more fully in Note 1, the beneficiaries of the GUC Trust are future and, to the extent their liquidating distributions have not yet been paid to them, current holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims and future and current holders of GUC Trust Units. Certain assets of the GUC Trust are reserved for funding the expected costs of liquidation and potential tax liabilities and are currently not available to the Trust Beneficiaries. Other assets of the GUC Trust, primarily Holdings of New GM Securities, as described in Notes 1 and 6, are available to be distributed to the Trust Beneficiaries ("GUC Trust Distributable Assets") in accordance with the Plan and the GUC Trust Agreement. The amounts of net assets in liquidation presented in the accompanying Statements of Net Assets in Liquidation at March 31, 2015 and 2014, correspond to the amounts of GUC Trust Distributable Assets as of March 31, 2015 and 2014, after certain adjustments.

Trust Units

As described in Note 1, each holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim will retain a contingent right to receive, on a pro rata basis, additional shares of New GM Common Stock and New GM Warrants (if and to the extent such shares of New GM Common Stock and New GM Warrants are not required for the satisfaction of previously Disputed General Unsecured Claims or potential Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims, or liquidation for the payment of the expenses or tax liabilities of the GUC Trust) and certain cash, if

any, remaining at the dissolution of the GUC Trust. The GUC Trust issues units representing such contingent rights ("GUC Trust Units") at the rate of one GUC Trust Unit per \$1,000 of Allowed General Unsecured Claims to each holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim, subject to rounding pursuant to the GUC Trust Agreement, in connection with the initial recognition of each Allowed General Unsecured Claim.

The GUC Trust makes quarterly liquidating distributions to holders of GUC Trust Units to the extent that (i)(a) certain previously Disputed General Unsecured Claims asserted against the Debtors' estates or potential Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims are either disallowed or are otherwise resolved favorably to the GUC Trust (thereby reducing the amount of GUC Trust assets reserved for distribution in respect of such asserted or potential claims) or (b) certain Excess GUC Trust Distributable Assets (as defined in the GUC Trust Agreement) that were previously set aside from distribution are released in the manner permitted under the GUC Trust Agreement, and (ii) as a result of the foregoing, the amount of Excess GUC Trust Distributable Assets (as defined in the GUC Trust Agreement) as of the end of the relevant quarter exceeds thresholds set forth in the GUC Trust Agreement.

The following presents the changes during the years ended March 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 in the numbers of GUC Trust Units outstanding or for which the GUC Trust was obligated to issue:

	Year Ended March 31, 2015	Year Ended March 31, 2014	Year Ended March 31, 2013
Outstanding or issuable at beginning of year	31,853,702	30,227,314	30,036,945
Issued during the year (1)	10,326	1,644,941	274,604
Less: Issuable at beginning of year (2)	(10,326)	(28,879)	(113,114)
Add: Issuable at end of year (2)	—	10,326	28,879
Outstanding or issuable at end of year (3)	<u>31,853,702</u>	<u>31,853,702</u>	<u>30,227,314</u>

- (1) Of the 1,644,941 GUC Trust Units issued during the year ended March 31, 2014, 1,550,000 related to the Special Nova Scotia Distribution applicable to the Nova Scotia Settlement described below.
- (2) The number of GUC Trust Units issuable at any time represents GUC Trust Units issuable in respect of Allowed General Unsecured Claims that were newly allowed during the fiscal year.
- (3) The number of GUC Trust Units outstanding at any time represents GUC Trust Units issued in respect of Allowed General Unsecured Claims that were allowed in prior periods, including GUC Trust Units held by the GUC Trust for the benefit of (a) holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims who had not yet supplied information required by the GUC Trust in order to effect the initial distribution to which they are entitled and (b) governmental entities that are precluded by applicable law from receiving distributions of GUC Trust Units and New GM Securities.

Allowed and Disputed Claims

The total cumulative pro rata liquidating distributions ultimately received by Trust Beneficiaries is dependent upon the current amount of Allowed General Unsecured Claims and final resolution of outstanding Disputed General Unsecured Claims and potential Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims (as described in Note 2). Disputed General Unsecured Claims at March 31, 2015 and 2014 reflect claim amounts at their originally filed amounts, a court ordered distribution "set aside" for certain claims filed without a claim amount and other adjustments as ordered by the court or permitted by the Plan. The Disputed General Unsecured Claims may settle at amounts that differ significantly from these amounts and at amounts that differ significantly from the historical pattern at which claims have been settled and allowed in proportion to claims resolved and disallowed. As described in Note 3, prior to the resolution and allowance of Disputed General Unsecured Claims (or potential Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims), liabilities are not recorded for the conditional obligations associated with Disputed General Unsecured Claims (or potential Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims). Liquidating distributions payable are recorded (at the fair value of New GM Securities and Dividend Cash to be distributed) as of the end of the period in which the Disputed General Unsecured Claims are resolved as Allowed General Unsecured Claims. Similarly, to the extent potential Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims were to arise (and would become allowed) in the manner described in Note 2, liquidating distributions payable would be recorded for the New GM Securities and Dividend Cash (at fair value) that would become distributable to holders of Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims upon such occurrence.

The following table presents a summary of activity with respect to the Allowed and Disputed General Unsecured Claims and potential Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims for the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014:

(in thousands)	Allowed General Unsecured Claims	Disputed General Unsecured Claims	Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims	Maximum Amount of Unresolved Claims (1)	Total Claim Amount (2)
Total, March 31, 2013	\$ 30,227,244	\$ 3,604,871	\$1,500,000	\$ 5,104,871	\$35,332,115
New Allowed General Unsecured Claims	1,626,386	—	—	—	1,626,386
Disputed General Unsecured Claims resolved or disallowed	—	(3,525,371)	—	(3,525,371)	(3,525,371)
Total, March 31, 2014	31,853,630	79,500	1,500,000	1,579,500	33,433,130
New Allowed General Unsecured Claims	—	—	—	—	—
Disputed General Unsecured Claims resolved or disallowed	—	(9,500)	—	(9,500)	(9,500)
Total, March 31, 2015	\$ 31,853,630	\$ 70,000	\$1,500,000	\$ 1,570,000	\$33,423,630

- (1) Maximum Amount of Unresolved Claims represents the sum of Disputed General Unsecured Claims and Term Loan Avoidance Action Claims.
(2) Total Claim Amount represents the sum of Allowed General Unsecured Claims and Maximum Amount of Unresolved Claims.

The Disputed General Unsecured Claims resolved or disallowed in the year ended March 31, 2014 primarily relate to the Nova Scotia Settlement, as defined below. On October 21, 2013, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order (the "Nova Scotia Order") approving a settlement agreement (the "Nova Scotia Settlement") relating to claims arising from the 8.375% guaranteed notes due December 7, 2015 and the 8.875% guaranteed notes due July 10, 2023, in each case issued in 2003 by General Motors Nova Scotia Finance Company (the "Nova Scotia Claims"). Pursuant to the Nova Scotia Settlement, the Nova Scotia Claims were reduced and allowed in an aggregate amount of \$1.55 billion. As a result, on or about December 2, 2013, in accordance with the Nova Scotia Settlement and the Nova Scotia Order, the GUC Trust made a distribution solely to holders of the allowed Nova Scotia Claims, consisting of, in the aggregate, 6,174,015 shares of New GM Common Stock, 5,612,741 New GM Series A Warrants, 5,612,741 New GM Series B Warrants, and 1,550,000 GUC Trust Units (the "Special Nova Scotia Distribution"). In addition, on or about December 23, 2013, in accordance with the Nova Scotia Settlement and the Nova Scotia Order, the GUC Trust made a special distribution of Excess GUC Trust Distributable Assets to all holders of GUC Trust Units, consisting of 6,735,070 shares of New GM Common Stock, 6,122,789 New GM Series A Warrants, and 6,122,789 New GM Series B Warrants (the "Special Excess Distribution").

5. Liquidating Distributions

Liquidating distributions in the years ended March 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	2015	2014	2013
Distributions during the year	\$244,326	\$1,180,208	\$ 44,554
Less: Liquidating distributions payable at beginning of year	(42,111)	(16,555)	(31,720)
Add: Liquidating distributions payable at end of year	7,714	42,111	16,555
Total	\$209,929	\$1,205,764	\$ 29,389

The distributions during the year ended March 31, 2015, consisted of (1) distributions to holders of GUC Trust Units and (2) distributions to holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims who previously failed to fulfill informational requirements for distribution established in accordance with the GUC Trust Agreement, but subsequently successfully fulfilled such information requirements. The distributions to holders of GUC Trust Units during the year ended March 31, 2015 resulted primarily from the release of distributable assets of the GUC Trust that were previously set aside in respect of potential Taxes on Distribution.

The distributions during the year ended March 31, 2014, consisted of (1) the Special Nova Scotia Distribution, (2) the Special Excess Distribution, (3) distributions to holders of Resolved Disputed Claims (exclusive of the Nova Scotia Distribution) and (4) distributions to holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims who previously failed to fulfill informational requirements for distribution established in accordance with the GUC Trust Agreement, but subsequently successfully fulfilled such information requirements. See Note 4 for additional information regarding the Special Nova Scotia Distribution and the Special Excess Distribution.

The distributions during the year ended March 31, 2013 consisted of distributions to (1) holders of Resolved Disputed Claims and (2) holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims who previously failed to fulfill informational requirements for distribution established in accordance with the GUC Trust Agreement, but subsequently successfully fulfilled such information requirements.

The GUC Trust was obligated at March 31, 2015 and 2014 to distribute 93,114 and 575,278 shares, respectively, of New GM Common Stock, 84,570 and 522,865, respectively, of New GM Series A Warrants, and 84,570 and 522,865, respectively, of New GM Series B Warrants in the aggregate to the following: (1) holders of Resolved Disputed Claims (at March 31, 2014), (2) certain holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims who had not then satisfied certain informational requirements necessary to receive these securities and (3) excess distributions to holders of GUC Trust Units. In addition, as of March 31, 2015 and 2014, cash of \$0.2 million was then distributable as follows: (a) for Dividend Cash associated with the New GM Common Stock that the GUC Trust was obligated to distribute, (b) to governmental entities which are precluded by applicable law from receiving distributions of New GM Securities, and (c) for distributions in lieu of fractional shares and warrants.

6. Holdings of New GM Securities

At March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Holdings of New GM Securities, at fair value, consisted of the following:

	2015		2014	
	Number	Fair Value (in thousands)	Number	Fair Value (in thousands)
New GM Common Stock	11,390,701	\$ 427,151	15,297,307	\$ 526,533
New GM Series A Warrants	10,354,971	287,351	13,906,391	345,435
New GM Series B Warrants	10,354,971	203,475	13,906,391	242,110
Total		<u>\$ 917,977</u>		<u>\$1,114,078</u>

As described in Note 5, as of March 31, 2015 and 2014, the GUC Trust had accrued liquidating distributions payable of \$7.7 million and \$42.1 million, respectively, in respect of New GM Securities and cash (of \$0.2 million) then distributable. As a result, the numbers of New GM Securities reflected above include shares and warrants for which liquidating distributions were then pending. As of March 31, 2015 and 2014, these securities for which distributions were then pending aggregated 93,114 and 575,278 shares of New GM Common Stock, respectively, 84,570 and 522,865 Series A Warrants, respectively, and 84,570 and 522,865 Series B Warrants, respectively.

As of March 31, 2015, the number of common stock shares and warrants in the table above also includes New GM Securities aggregating \$67.5 million (excluding related Dividend Cash) reserved, or set aside, for projected GUC Trust fees, costs and expenses to be incurred beyond 2015 (including \$19.4 million for projected Dividend Taxes) and \$297.2 million (excluding related Dividend Cash) of New GM Securities reserved, or set aside, for potential Taxes on Distribution. As of March 31, 2014, the number of common stock shares and warrants in the table above also includes New GM Securities aggregating \$51.6 million (excluding related Dividend Cash) reserved, or set aside, for projected GUC Trust fees, costs and expenses to be incurred beyond 2014 (including \$3.5 million for projected Dividend Taxes) and \$536.3 million (excluding related Dividend Cash) of New GM Securities reserved, or set aside, for potential Taxes on Distribution. As a result, as of March 31, 2015 and 2014, the numbers of New GM Securities in the table above include an aggregate of 4,525,790 and 8,072,042 shares of New GM Common Stock, respectively, 4,114,331 and 7,338,194 New GM Series A Warrants, respectively, and 4,114,331 and 7,338,194 New GM Series B Warrants, respectively, which have been so set aside.

Set forth below are the aggregate number and fair value of all such shares and warrants which are pending distribution or are set aside and are not available for distribution at March 31, 2015 and 2014.

	2015		2014	
	Number	Fair Value (in thousands)	Number	Fair Value (in thousands)
New GM Common Stock	4,618,904	\$ 173,209	8,647,320	\$ 297,641
New GM Series A Warrants	4,198,901	116,520	7,861,059	195,269
New GM Series B Warrants	4,198,901	82,508	7,861,059	136,861
Total		<u>\$ 372,237</u>		<u>\$ 629,771</u>

7. Fair Value Measurements

Accounting standards require certain assets and liabilities be reported at fair value in the financial statements and provide a framework for establishing that fair value. The framework for determining fair value is based on a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The Trust's Cash Equivalents, Marketable Securities, Holdings of New GM Securities and Liquidating Distributions Payable are presented as provided by this hierarchy.

Level 1—In general, fair values determined by Level 1 inputs use quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that the GUC Trust has the ability to access.

Level 2—Fair values determined by Level 2 inputs use other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly. These Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, and other inputs such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Level 3—Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, including inputs that are available in situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the related asset or liability. These Level 3 fair value measurements are based primarily on management's own estimates using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques taking into account the characteristics of the asset or liability. The GUC Trust had no assets or liabilities that are measured with Level 3 inputs at March 31, 2015 and 2014.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The GUC Trust's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The GUC Trust also holds other financial instruments not measured at fair value on a recurring basis, including Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities. The fair value of these liabilities approximates the carrying amounts in the accompanying financial statements due to the short maturity of such instruments.

The following table presents information about the GUC Trust's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at March 31, 2015 and 2014, and the valuation techniques used by the GUC Trust to determine those fair values.

(in thousands)	March 31, 2015			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Cash equivalents:				
Money market funds	\$ 19,150	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 19,150
Marketable Securities:				
Municipal commercial paper and demand notes	—	12,064	—	12,064
Corporate commercial paper	—	18,880	—	18,880
Holdings of New GM Securities:				
New GM Common Stock	427,151	—	—	427,151
New GM Warrants	490,826	—	—	490,826
Total Assets	<u>\$937,127</u>	<u>\$30,944</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$968,071</u>
Liabilities:				
Liquidating distributions payable	<u>\$ 7,714</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 7,714</u>

(in thousands)	March 31, 2014			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Cash equivalents:				
Money market funds	\$ 8,953	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 8,953
Marketable Securities:				
Municipal commercial paper and demand notes	—	18,005	—	18,005
Corporate commercial paper	—	26,377	—	26,377
Holdings of New GM Securities:				
New GM Common Stock	526,533	—	—	526,533
New GM Warrants	587,545	—	—	587,545
Total Assets	<u>\$1,123,031</u>	<u>\$44,382</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$1,167,413</u>
Liabilities:				
Liquidating distributions payable	<u>\$ 42,111</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 42,111</u>

The following are descriptions of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

- Due to its short-term, liquid nature, the fair value of cash equivalents approximates its carrying value.
- Holdings of New GM Securities are valued at closing prices reported on the active market on which the securities are traded.
- Marketable securities include municipal commercial paper and variable demand notes and corporate commercial paper. Municipal variable demand notes trade daily at par value and, therefore, their fair value is equal to par value. Due to their short term maturities, the fair value of municipal and corporate commercial paper approximates their carrying value.
- Liquidating distributions payable are valued at closing prices of New GM Securities reported on the active market on which the securities are traded.

The GUC Trust's policy is to recognize transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the actual date of the event of change in circumstances that caused the transfer. There were no such transfers during the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

8. Reserves for Expected Costs of Liquidation and Residual Wind-Down Claims

The following is a summary of the activity in the reserves for expected costs of liquidation for the years ended March 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013:

<u>(in thousands)</u>	Reserve for Expected Wind-Down Costs	Reserve for Expected Reporting Costs	Reserve for Indenture Trustee/Fiscal and Paying Agent Costs	Reserve for Avoidance Action Defense Costs	Reserve for Residual Wind-Down Costs	Total Reserves for Expected Costs of Liquidation
Balance, March 31, 2012	\$ 56,815	\$ 13,320	\$ 647	\$ 1,280	\$ 4,049	\$ 76,111
Plus additions to reserves	5,195	12,293	—	—	—	17,488
Less liquidation costs incurred:						
Trust Professionals	(19,712)	(2,985)	—	(382)	(2,408)	(25,487)
Trust Governance	(4,191)	(1,866)	(148)	—	—	(6,205)
Other Administrative Expenses	(64)	(320)	—	—	(10)	(394)
Balance, March 31, 2013	38,043	20,442	499	898	1,631	61,513
Less reductions in reserves	(3,843)	(4,067)	—	—	—	(7,910)
Less liquidation costs incurred:						
Trust Professionals	(7,736)	(2,013)	—	(898)	(373)	(11,020)
Trust Governance	(3,888)	(1,799)	(35)	—	—	(5,722)
Other Administrative Expenses	(47)	(328)	—	—	—	(375)
Balance, March 31, 2014	22,529	12,235	464	—	1,258	36,486
Plus additions to reserves	8,962	413	—	—	—	9,375
Less liquidation costs incurred:						
Trust Professionals	(6,834)	(1,870)	—	—	(35)	(8,739)
Trust Governance	(3,537)	(1,801)	(100)	—	—	(5,438)
Other Administrative Expenses	(31)	(375)	—	—	—	(406)
Balance, March 31, 2015	<u>\$ 21,089</u>	<u>\$ 8,602</u>	<u>\$ 364</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 1,223</u>	<u>\$ 31,278</u>

During the year ended March 31, 2015, estimates of expected Wind-Down Costs and estimates of expected Reporting Costs increased by \$9.0 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. During the year ended March 31, 2014, estimates of expected Wind-Down Costs and estimates of expected Reporting Costs decreased by \$3.8 million and \$4.1 million, respectively. During the year ended March 31, 2013, estimates of expected Wind-Down Costs and estimates of expected Reporting Costs increased by \$5.2 million and \$12.3 million, respectively. Such revisions in the estimates were recorded as additions to (reductions in) the reserves for expected costs of liquidation in such years. The estimates of expected Wind-Down Costs for the year ended March 31, 2013 reflect the execution of a letter agreement with the DIP Lenders providing for relief from certain restrictions on utilization of Wind-Down Assets. The GUC Trust has recorded reserves for expected costs of liquidation that represent amounts expected to be incurred over the estimated remaining liquidation period of the GUC Trust for which there was a reasonable basis for estimation.

The amount of liquidation costs that will ultimately be incurred depends both on the time period and on the extent of activities required for the GUC Trust to complete its functions and responsibilities under the Plan and the GUC Trust Agreement. Significant uncertainty remains both as to that time period and as to the extent of those activities. As of March 31, 2015, the recorded reserves for expected costs of liquidation reflect estimated costs for a remaining liquidation period extending through February 2017, which has been estimated predominately on a probability-weighted basis as permitted under U.S. GAAP and which the GUC Trust believes is the most appropriate measurement basis in the circumstances. Where an outcome is estimated to be likely, the likely outcome has been used as the best estimate and no weight has been given to the unlikely outcome. The remaining liquidation period is dependent predominantly on the estimate of the remaining period of time for resolution of the Term Loan Avoidance Action, as well as certain additional estimated time as necessary to wind down the GUC Trust. It is possible that future developments in the Term Loan Avoidance Action could extend the current estimate of such remaining period of time for resolution and, therefore, extend the estimated remaining liquidation period of the GUC Trust beyond February 2017. In addition, certain liquidation costs that are expected to be prepaid by the GUC Trust upon its dissolution have also been estimated and accrued. It is reasonably possible that the GUC Trust's estimates regarding the costs and remaining liquidation period could change in the near term.

As described in Item 3, "Legal Proceedings," the GUC Trust is participating, as an interested party, in litigation involving certain General Motors vehicle recalls. While the impact of such litigation on the remaining liquidation period of the GUC Trust is not subject to reasonable estimation at this time, it is possible that such litigation could extend the remaining liquidation period of the GUC Trust beyond February 2017.

The following is a summary of the activity in the reserves for Residual Wind-Down Claims for the years ended March 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013:

(in thousands)	2015	2014	2013
Balance, beginning of year	\$28,698	\$30,855	\$32,247
Less claims allowed during the year	(3,292)	(2,157)	(1,392)
Balance, end of year	<u>\$25,406</u>	<u>\$28,698</u>	<u>\$30,855</u>

9. Income Tax Benefit (Provision)

The income tax benefit (provision) in the Statements of Changes in Net Assets in Liquidation for years ended March 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 was determined by computing the deferred tax provisions using the GUC Trust's statutory tax rate of 39.6% that became effective on April 1, 2013. There was no current tax benefit or provision in any of such years due to cumulative net operating and capital losses, and no income taxes have been paid by the GUC Trust.

The components of the income tax benefit (provision) in the Statements of Changes in Net Assets in Liquidation for years ended March 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

(in thousands)	2015	2014	2013
Current	\$—	\$—	\$—
Deferred	—	164,845	(56,262)
Total	<u>\$—</u>	<u>\$164,845</u>	<u>\$(56,262)</u>

Deferred taxes in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets in Liquidation at March 31, 2015 and 2014 are comprised of the following components:

(in thousands)	2015	2014
Deferred tax assets:		
Reserves for expected costs of liquidation	\$ 10,066	\$ 13,414
Net operating and capital loss carryovers	108,227	106,867
Gross deferred tax assets	118,293	120,281
Less: Valuation allowance	(35,966)	(71,197)
Deferred tax asset, net of valuation allowance	82,327	49,084
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Fair value in excess of tax basis of holdings of New GM Securities	(71,560)	(49,084)
Accrued dividends and interest	(10,767)	—
Gross deferred tax liabilities	(82,327)	(49,084)
Net deferred tax liability	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

As previously disclosed, during the quarter ended September 30, 2013, the GUC Trust made a determination to file its U.S. federal income tax returns taking the position that beneficial ownership for a substantial majority of New GM Securities was transferred from MLC to the GUC Trust on March 31, 2011, and that the tax basis of such New GM Securities should be determined with reference to the value of such securities on such date, instead of December 15, 2011, when record ownership of the remaining New GM Securities still held by MLC was transferred from MLC to the GUC Trust. For the remaining substantial minority of New GM Securities transferred from MLC to the GUC Trust, the GUC Trust determined that the transfer of beneficial ownership occurred on other dates for which the tax basis should be determined by reference to the value of such securities on such dates. This new tax position resulted in an increased tax basis of the New GM Securities from the prior tax position and, therefore, reduced taxable gains and increased taxable losses on distributions and sales of New GM Securities since March 31, 2011. The new tax position has not been sustained on examination by the Internal Revenue Service as of the date hereof. However, the GUC Trust believes, based on the available evidence and consultation with GUC Trust professionals, that it is more likely than not that the new tax position will be sustained on examination by the Internal Revenue Service based on the technical merits of the position. Accordingly, this new tax position has been recognized in the current and deferred income tax liabilities and the income tax provision in the GUC Trust's financial statements since the quarter ended September 30, 2013.

Following the GUC Trust's determination to utilize the new tax position set forth above, the GUC Trust filed its U.S. federal income tax returns for the years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 with the Internal Revenue Service using such new tax position. Such tax returns were accompanied by requests for prompt determination of tax liability pursuant to Section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and the statutory notification period set forth in Section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to the GUC Trust's U.S. federal income tax returns for the years ended March 31, 2014 and prior years have expired. Accordingly, the tax liabilities set forth in the GUC Trust's U.S. federal income tax returns for the years ended March 31, 2014 and prior years are no longer subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service. However, remaining capital loss carryovers that were generated in those years combined with capital losses generated in the year ended March 31, 2015, from the new tax position, which aggregate \$187.1 million, along with net operating loss carryovers generated through March 31, 2015 aggregating \$86.2 million, could be subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service in subsequent years when those losses are utilized. The capital loss carryovers begin to expire on March 31, 2017 and the net operating loss carryovers begin to expire on March 31, 2032. These loss carryovers in the aggregate result in a deferred tax asset of \$108.2 million (reflected in the table above).

A full valuation allowance against net deferred tax assets aggregating \$36.0 million and \$71.2 million was established as of March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, due to uncertainty as to whether the deferred tax assets are realizable. The valuation allowance as of March 31, 2015 was decreased by \$35.2 million from the full valuation allowance against net deferred tax assets established as of March 31, 2014. The valuation allowance was increased by \$71.2 million during the year ended March 31, 2014. Realization of the net deferred tax assets is primarily dependent upon the generation of taxable gains upon the distribution or sale of New GM Securities in the future, which is not determinable prior to occurrence.

10. Related Party Transactions

In addition to serving as GUC Trust Administrator, Wilmington Trust Company continues to serve as trustee pursuant to the indentures for certain series of previously outstanding debt of MLC. Wilmington Trust Company has received and will continue to receive certain customary fees in amounts consistent with Wilmington Trust Company's standard rates for such service. The Bankruptcy Court previously approved the creation of a segregated fund for the purposes of funding such fees for Wilmington Trust Company, as well as the other indenture trustees and fiscal and paying agents for previously outstanding debt of MLC. There were no such fees for Wilmington Trust Company in the years ended March 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013.

In addition, Wilmington Trust Company has also entered into certain arrangements with the GUC Trust pursuant to which it or its affiliates have previously received, and may in the future receive, reasonable and customary fees and commissions for services other than services in the capacity of GUC Trust Administrator. Such arrangements include the provision of custodial, investment advisory and brokerage services to the GUC Trust. The fees and commissions charged by Wilmington Trust Company and its affiliates pursuant to these arrangements are consistent with the standard fees and commissions charged by Wilmington Trust Company to unrelated third-parties in negotiated transactions. During the years ended March 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, the total amount of such fees and commissions was approximately \$35,000, \$53,000, and \$147,000, respectively.